## ACTIVE For ${ }^{\text {EOLIFE }}$

## Catching 3.4: Gopher ball

8-12 year olds

## Introduction (1-2 minutes)

Call the children into a circle or into designated lines and greet them.
Explain any special safety rules and remind the children to stop, look, and listen whenever you signal.

Explain in 20-30 seconds what you will be doing today.
Today we will practice catching a ball that is bounced to you.
Why will it be important to get your body behind the ball today?

TIME: 30 minutes
SKILL: Object manipulation EQUIPMENT: music, balls

ORGANIZATION/PROGRAM:
ACTIVITY LEADER:
GROUP NAME:
DATE:

## Warm-up: Back to back ( $5-8$ minutes)

- This game is similar to musical chairs, except the chairs are replaced by partners "sitting" back-to-back.
- When the music starts, children must move around the activity space.
- Leader specifies different locomotor movement each time (e.g. walk, run, hop, gallop, skip).
- When the music stops, children must find a partner, stand back-to-back, and then both pretend to "sit" as if they have chairs.
- The child who fails to find a partner, or the last set of partners to make a "chair," must do 10 jumping jacks and then rejoin the group.
- Play several rounds. Be sure to mix partners by naming new conditions each round. For example: :
» Girls with boys.
" Different partner than last time.
» Someone wearing the same colour as you.


## Demonstration: Catching a bounced ball (1-2 minutes)

- Leader demonstrates how to catch a ball that is bounced to you.
- Leader and child stand about 5 metres apart.
- Child bounces a ball to the leader and the leader catches it.
- Leader then bounces a ball against the wall and catches it. Repeat by bouncing the ball at various heights.
- While demonstrating, leader reminds the children:
» Keep your eyes on the ball until it arrives in your hands.
" Get your body behind the ball (i.e. in front of its flight path).
" If you see the ball passing to one side, move your whole body to the side. Don't just reach your arms to the side.
" If the ball is arriving above your belly button, your palms face forward and your fingers point up, and your two thumbs point toward each other (triangle).
» If the ball is arriving below your belly button, your palms face forward and your fingers point down, and your two pinky fingers are close together (bowl).
» As you receive the ball with your hands, you should bend your arms and bring the ball in towards your body.


## Practice: Bounce pass ( $5-8$ minutes)

- Leader divides children into pairs and each pair has one ball.
- Partners stand facing each other along two designated lines so balls are bounced in the same direction.
- Leader explains: We are going to practice bouncing and catching the ball.
- With your partner, I want you to try and catch the ball 10 times in a row.
- When you have caught the ball 10 times, take one step backwards.
- Leader asks pairs to find a spot against the wall.
- With your partner, one of you must bounce the ball against the wall and the other must catch it.
- Try bouncing the ball at different heights against the wall.
- Try to catch the ball 10 times in a row.


## Game: Gopher ball (8 - 10 minutes)

- Leader divides children into groups of 4 .
- 3 of the children are "gophers" lying on their stomachs beside each other.
- Gophers are numbered 1 to 3 .
- The fourth child stands facing them.
- The person standing will bounce the ball and then call out a number, "1, 2 or 3 ".
- If your number is called, you must get up and catch the ball before it bounces a second time.
- You score one point with every catch, and the first person with 5 points wins.
- Winners become the new throwers and the game starts again.


## Wrap-up (2 minutes)

Call the children back into a circle and review what they learned today.
Can you think of sports or games where you have to catch a bouncing ball?

## TIPS FOR INSTRUCTION

- Time and practice is needed to develop the skill of catching.
- Praise children for what they are doing well.
- Remind children of the cues.


## CUES

- Eyes on ball
- Get "behind the ball"
- Hands together (triangle or bowl)
- Bring ball to body


## TIPS FOR INSTRUCTION

- After 2-3 rounds, throwers can add extra challenges.
- Example: When you hear your number, stand up, turn around once, and then catch the ball.

